COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	Social Sciences			
ACADEMIC UNIT	Sociology			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate			
COURSE CODE	499 SEMESTER 8 th			
COURSE TITLE	Sociology of Fascism (Seminar)			
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	ING ACTIVITIES			
if credits are awarded for separ	f credits are awarded for separate components of the			
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	se, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits			CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give	the weekly	HOURS	
teaching hours and th	and the total credits			
			3	6
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE	Compulsory Elective / Seminar /Special background			
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	The Class Structure Of Temporary Societies (2th) &			
	Sociology of Social Reproduction (5th)			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://www.soc.aegean.gr/ext-files/pm/pps/2017-499-			
	en.pdf			
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(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes
- Familiarizing students with a reflective way of thinking that enables the historicization and conceptualization of fascism.
- Understanding fascism as a historical and social phenomenon.

- Showcasing the texture and morphology of the class conflict that "leads" to fascist movements and—most importantly—fascist regimes.
- Understanding the in-class conflict (landowners/bourgeoisie) that renders fascism historically "inevitable".
- Understanding the relationship among the financial, the political and the ideological element that fosters the "autonomization" of the political (Bonapartism, "state of emergency" and so on).
- Putting forward a methodological proposition that enables the differentiation between fascism, military dictatorship and neofascism.
- Familiarizing with a comparative approach to fascism, underscoring the social and historical specificities of societies and countries.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data Project planning and management and information, with the use of the Respect for difference and multiculturalism

necessary technology Respect for the natural environment
Adapting to new situations Showing social, professional and ethical
Decision-making responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Working independently Criticism and self-criticism

Team work Production of free, creative and inductive

Working in an international environment thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary
environment Others...

environment Others
Production of new research ideas

- Working independently,
- Team Work,
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking,
- Criticism and self-criticism.

(3) SYLLABUS

In this seminar, we are to examine the social and historical factors that gave prominence to Fascism, rendering it a dominant political force in Germany and Italy among other countries, during the Inter-war years. The course will be focused on the socio-economic conditions that set the stage for the ascendancy of fascist movements, such as the concentration of production, disproportionate development and so on. It will also pinpoint the ideological and political factors that fostered this turn, such as the crisis of neoliberalism and the fiscal crisis. By means of studying the anatomy of the fascist effect, mostly based on a comparative approach to Fascism, we will attempt a methodological differentiation among Fascism, the far-right and authoritative regimes, as well as the establishment of a genealogical relation among pre-fascist, fascist and post(neo)fascist arrangements.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Power Point. Computers tools to explore and organize
COMMUNICATIONS	the literature
TECHNOLOGY	

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students

TEACHING METHODS

The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials,

placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the **ECTS**

Activity	Semester workload
Lectures	39 hours
Study and analysis of the	61 hours
existing literature	
Progress report	10 hours
Essay Supervision	20 hours
Essay Write-up	40 hours
Essay Presentation	10 hours
Course total	180 hours

STUDENT PERFORMANCE **EVALUATION**

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

- Active presence and participation in the Seminar based on the literature prescribed for the Seminar (20% of final grade).
- Seminar assignment (undertook by groups of three students) in collaboration with the tutor. Presentation of the assignment during the Seminar after three meetings with the tutor (30% of final grade).
- Seminar assignment submission in written form at the end of the semester (30% of final grade). The assignment is to be 7,000 words in length, that is 15 A4 pages, Calibri, 11-point font size, 1.15 line spacing.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
- a)Basic Textbooks

Paxton, R. (2012), *Ανατομία του Φασισμού*, Αθήνα: Κέδρος.

Πουλαντζάς Ν. (2006), Φασισμός και Δικτατορία. Η Τρίτη Διεθνής αντιμέτωπη με τον Φασισμός, Αθήνα: Θεμέλιο.

b) Additional References

Blinkorn M. (1990), Fascists and conservatives: radical right and the establishment in twentieth-century Europe, London: Unwin Hyman.

Blinkorn M. (1990), Fascists and conservatives: radical right and the establishment in twentieth-century Europe, London: Unwin Hyman.

Γκαίυ Π. (2010), Η πνευματική ζωή στη Δημοκρατία της Βαϊμάρης (Γερμανία 19191933), Αθήνα: Νησίδες.

Flechtheim O. (1976), Die KPD in der Weimarer Republik, Frankfurt: EVA.

Gregor, A. J. (2009), *Marxism. Fascism and Totalitarism*, Stanford-California: Stanford UP. Griffin R. (1995), *Fascism*, Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Herf J. (1996), Αντιδραστικός Μοντερνισμός. Τεχνολογία, Κουλτούρα και πολιτική στη Βαϊμάρη και το Γ΄ Ραϊχ, Ηράκλειο: Πανεπιστημιακές εκδόσεις Κρήτης.

Kershaw I. (1985), *The Nazi Dictatorship and Perspectives of Interpretation,* London: Edward Arnolds.

Mann M. (2004), Fascists, Cambridge: Cambridge UP.

Μαρκέτος Σ. (2006), Πώς φίλησα τον Μουσολίνι! Τα πρώτα βήματα του ελληνικού φασισμού, Αθήνα: Βιβλιόραμα.

Mazower M. (2009), Η αυτοκρατορία του Χίτλερ. Η ναζιστική εξουσία στην κατοχική Ευρώπη, Αθήνα: Αλεξάνδρεια.

Masson T. (1996), Nazism, Fascism and the Working Class, Cambridge: Cambridge UP.

Mühlberg D. (ed.), (1987), The Social Basis Fascist Movements, New York: Croom Helm.

Priester K. (1972), Der italienische Faschismus. Ökonomische und ideologische Grunlagen, Köln: Rahl-Rugestein Verlag.

Sterhell, Z. Sznajder M.& Asheri M. (1994), *The Birth of Fascist Ideology:From Cultural Rebellion to Political Revolution*, Princeton: Princeton UP.

Wippermann W. (1983), Europäischer Faschismus im Vergleich 1922-1982, Frankfurt: Suhrkamp Verlag.

Χαλκιοπούλου, Δ. Βασιλοπούλου Σ. (2015), Η εθνικιστική λύση της Χρυσής Αυγής. Κρίση του έθνους-κράτους και άνοδος της άκρας δεξιάς στην Ελλάδα, Θεσσαλονίκη: Επίκεντρο.

- Related academic journals:

European Journal of Political Research

American Journal of Sociology

The American Historical Review

Journal of Contemporary History

The Journal of Modern History

Sociological Theory

Journal of Historical Sociology

German Studies Review