COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	Social Sciences			
ACADEMIC UNIT	Sociology			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate			
COURSE CODE	473 SEMESTER 7 th			
COURSE TITLE	International Law (Seminar)- European Module Jean Monnet			
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIE	NG ACTIVITIES		
if credits are awarded for separ	•	•	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	xercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	e course, give the weekly HOURS			
teaching hours and th	e total credits			
			3	6
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are describ	, , ,			
COURSE TYPE	Compulsory Elective /Seminar / General Background			
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Yes (European Institutions)			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://www.soc.aegean.gr/ext-files/pm/pps/2017-473-			
	en.pdf			
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(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Learning outcomes: Starting from the general knowledge of the course European Institutions (2nd semester), and especially those EU legal principles referring to international law (e.g. the principle of the primacy of European law vis-à-vis the domestic

law) and the fact that the EU is a sui generis international organization (subject of international law) this seminar provides the basic knowledge of the sources (conditions, international custom), of the international law. Through the scientific reports and notes proposed to students, we believe that an in-depth approach to these issues is achieved. Students, through their work during the semester and attending the seminar course, demonstrate that they possess the acquired knowledge to demonstrate understanding of the relationship between sociology and international studies. Skills to be acquired by students: an introductory but sufficient knowledge of international law, so at least that knowledge should be held by a social scientist.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data

and information, with the use of the

necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

..... 1. Developing arguments and reflections on the core values and principles of international law, as well as the reasons that led to its rapid development during the 20th century.

2. The examining process of the course is to work on specific issues of international law (human rights, international humanitarian law) related to current affairs (refugee / immigration law, the functioning of international jurisdictions, e.g. International Court of Justice, European Court of Justice Human Resolutions, UN General Assembly resolutions or **UN Security Council resolutions.**

(3) SYLLABUS

- A. Historical evolution of international law.
- B. Subjects of international law: State International Organizations The specificity of organizations that tend to be integrated (European Union - American Organizations) -Individuals - Multinational companies.
- C. Sources of international law: Treaties International custom International jurisprudence
- Principles of international law.
- D. Relationship between international and domestic law.
- E. International responsibility.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face to face, events and seminars open to general
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	public but also to specific target groups (military staff,
etc.	school teachers, journalists)
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of new technologies (ppt, videos) for the better

COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory

and more direct consolidation of knowledge, since it is considered that the students' special knowledge of the course becomes more understandable.

education, communication with			
students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39 hours	
teaching are described in detail.	Seminars	9 hours	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Working Papers (Writing	72 hours	
practice, fieldwork, study and	& Preparation)		
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Field Exercise, Study and	60 hours	
placements, clinical practice, art	Analysis of Literature		
workshop, interactive teaching,	(Research)		
educational visits, project, essay			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.			
The student's study hours for each			
learning activity are given as well	Course total	180 hours	
as the hours of non-directed study			
according to the principles of the			
ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	o A multiple choice test		
EVALUATION	o 2 tests with essay development questions		
Description of the evaluation	o Public presentation of papers		
procedure			
Language of evaluation, methods			
of evaluation, summative or			
conclusive, multiple choice			
questionnaires, short-answer			
questions, open-ended questions,			
problem solving, written work,			
essay/report, oral examination,			
public presentation, laboratory			
work, clinical examination of			
patient, art interpretation, other			
Specifically-defined evaluation			
criteria are given, and if and			
where they are accessible to			
1			

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

students.

- Suggested bibliography: (in Greek)

Bredimas Ant., Kyriakopoulos G., *Law of International Organizations*, Nomiki Vivliothiki Publishers, Athens, 2016.

Chatzikonstantinou K., Sarigannidis M., Apostolidis Ch., Fundamental Notions in International Public Law, Sakkoulas Publishers, Athens-Thessaloniki, 2014.

Grigoriou P., The evolution of the values and the principles of the international law. The EU's contribution, Eurasia Publishers, Athens, 2019/

Perrakis St., Marouda Maria Daniella, *International Legal Order. Theory and Implementation*, Sideris Publishers, Athens, 2015.

- Related academic journals:
- 1. Annuaire Français de Droit International, www.persee.fr/collection/afdi
- 2. Revue Générale de Droit International Public,

http://gallica.bnf.fr/ark:/12148/cb34378576f/date.r=revue+g%C3%A9n%C3%A9rale+de+droit+international+public.langFR

- 3.British Yearbook of International Law, academic.oup.com/bybil
- 4. Revue Générale de Droit International Public, http://www.ridi.org/adi/rgdip/home.htm
- 5. American Journal of International Law,

https://www.asil.org/resources/american-journal-international-law